

Serial No.: 10/812,467
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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

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Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) Method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine operable in a homogenous region of operation generally associated with relatively high engine load/high engine speed operating conditions and a non-homogeneous region of operation generally associated with relatively low engine load/low engine speed operating conditions, said engine including a NOx trap generally effective to accumulate NOx emissions during lean operation of the engine and to release said accumulated NOx emissions during rich operation of the engine comprising:

providing a first region of homogeneous engine operation during periods of engine operation wherein the accumulated NOx emissions are below a first predetermined threshold; and,

providing a second region of homogeneous engine operation greater than said first region of homogeneous operation during periods of engine operation wherein the accumulated NOx emissions are not below said first predetermined threshold;

the first and second regions of homogeneous engine operation comprising operating regions defined by engine speed and engine load and the first predetermined threshold comprising a fraction of capacity of the NOx trap.

2. (original)The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 1 further comprising:

regenerating the NOx trap when the engine is operated in the second region of homogeneous operation.

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3. (Currently Amended) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 1 further comprising:

regenerating the NOx trap ~~when upon the first to occur of a) NOx trap temperature exceeding a threshold temperature, b) the accumulated NOx emissions exceeding exceeds~~ a second predetermined threshold greater than said first predetermined threshold, ~~and c) the engine being operated in the second region of homogeneous operation, the second predetermined threshold comprising a fraction of the capacity of the NOx trap.~~

4. (Original) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 2 wherein regenerating the NOx trap is caused to occur as a function of the accumulated NOx emissions in the NOx trap.

5. (Original) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 4 further comprising:

terminating regeneration and resetting the accumulated NOx to the level of the remaining stored NOx in the lean NOx trap when a regeneration ending event is reached.

6. (Original) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 5 wherein said regeneration ending event is selected from the group consisting of rich deviation of gases flowing out of the NOx trap, expiration of a regeneration timer, and engine torque demand below a threshold value.

7. (Original) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 3 wherein regenerating the NOx trap is caused to occur as a function of the accumulated NOx emissions in the NOx trap.

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8. (Original) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 7 further comprising:

terminating regeneration and resetting the accumulated NO_x to the level of the remaining stored NO_x in the lean NO_x trap when a regeneration ending event is reached.

9. (Original) The method for controlling a direct injection internal combustion engine as claimed in claim 8 wherein said regeneration ending event is selected from the group consisting of rich deviation of gases flowing out of the NO_x trap, expiration of a regeneration timer, and engine torque demand below a threshold value.

10. (Currently Amended) Method for controlling regeneration of a lean NO_x trap comprising:

estimating an accumulated NO_x in a NO_x trap located in the exhaust path of an engine; and,

hastening regeneration of the NO_x trap by reducing the size of a stratified charge operating region of the engine when the accumulated NO_x exceeds a first threshold value and initiating regeneration when the stratified charge operating region of the engine is exited;

wherein reducing the stratified charge operating region comprises reducing engine speed and engine load at which to operate the engine in stratified charge operating mode.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising:

estimating the temperature of the NO_x trap; and,

determining a desired air-fuel ratio for initiating regeneration of the NO_x trap, the desired air-fuel ratio being determined based upon one or a combination of the estimated accumulated NO_x stored within the NO_x trap and the temperature of the NO_x trap.

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12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, further comprising:

determining whether the temperature of the NOx trap exceeds a threshold temperature;

determining whether the estimated NOx in the NOx trap exceeds a second threshold value greater than the first threshold value, the second predetermined threshold comprising a fraction of capacity of the NOx trap; and

initiating regeneration of the NOx trap when the estimated NOx in the NOx trap exceeds the second threshold value or when the estimated temperature of the NOx trap exceeds the threshold temperature by forcing homogenous operation of the engine at the desired air-fuel ratio.

13. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising:

ending regeneration and resetting the accumulated NOx to the level of the remaining stored NOx in the lean NOx trap when a regeneration ending event is reached.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

monitoring exhaust gases flowing out of the NOx trap wherein the regeneration ending event is reached when the monitored exhaust gases flowing out of the lean NOx trap show a rich deviation.

15. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

monitoring the elapsed regeneration event time wherein the regeneration ending event is reached when the elapsed regeneration event time exceeds a target maximum regeneration event time interval.

16. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

monitoring driver torque demand on the engine wherein the regeneration ending event is reached when the driver torque demand drops below a threshold value.

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17. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the regeneration ending event is triggered by a driver initiated action.

18. (Currently Amended) Article of manufacture comprising:

a storage medium having a computer program encoded therein for causing an engine controller to control a direct injection internal combustion engine operable in a homogenous region of operation generally associated with relatively high engine load/high engine speed operating conditions and a non-homogeneous region of operation generally associated with relatively low engine load/low engine speed operating conditions, said engine including a NOx trap generally effective to accumulate NOx emissions during lean operation of the engine and to release said accumulated NOx emissions during rich operation of the engine, said program including:

code for providing a first region of homogeneous engine operation during periods of engine operation wherein the accumulated NOx emissions are below a first predetermined threshold; and,

code for providing a second region of homogeneous engine operation greater than said first region of homogeneous operation during periods of engine operation wherein the accumulated NOx emissions are not below said first predetermined threshold;

wherein the first and second regions of homogeneous engine operation comprise operating regions defined by engine speed and engine load.

19. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 18 further comprising:

code for regenerating the NOx trap when the engine is operated in the second region of homogeneous operation.

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20. (Currently Amended) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 18 further comprising:

code for regenerating the NOx trap when upon the first to occur of a) NOx trap temperature exceeding a threshold temperature, b) the accumulated NOx emissions exceeding-exceeds a second predetermined threshold greater than said first predetermined threshold, and c) the engine being operated in the second region of homogeneous operation, the second predetermined threshold comprising a fraction of capacity of the NOx trap.

21. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 19 wherein regenerating the NOx trap is caused to occur as a function of the accumulated NOx emissions in the NOx trap.

22. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 21 further comprising:

code for terminating regeneration and resetting the accumulated NOx to the level of the remaining stored NOx in the lean NOx trap when a regeneration ending event is reached.

23. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 22 wherein said regeneration ending event is selected from the group consisting of rich deviation of gases flowing out of the NOx trap, expiration of a regeneration timer, and engine torque demand below a threshold value.

24. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 20 wherein regenerating the NOx trap is caused to occur as a function of the accumulated NOx emissions in the NOx trap.

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25. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 24 further comprising:
code for terminating regeneration and resetting the accumulated NOx to the level of the remaining stored NOx in the lean NOx trap when a regeneration ending event is reached.

26. (Original) The article of manufacture as claimed in claim 25 wherein said regeneration ending event is selected from the group consisting of rich deviation of gases flowing out of the NOx trap, expiration of a regeneration timer, and engine torque demand below a threshold value.